

# OAHU RAILWAY AND LAND CO.

## Time Table

FROM AND AFTER OCTOBER 1, 1892.

## TRAINS



|                   | A.M. | A.M.  | P.M. | P.M. |
|-------------------|------|-------|------|------|
| Leave Honolulu..  | 6:15 | 8:45  | 1:45 | 4:30 |
| Arrive Honolulu.. | 7:20 | 9:57  | 2:57 | 5:30 |
| Leave Honolulu..  | 7:30 | 10:43 | 3:43 | 5:42 |
| Arrive Honolulu.. | 8:35 | 11:55 | 4:35 | 6:50 |

### PEARL CITY LOCAL.

|                     |      |      |
|---------------------|------|------|
| Leave Honolulu..    | 5:10 | 5:48 |
| Arrive Pearl City.. | 5:10 | 5:48 |
| Leave Pearl City..  | 5:55 | 6:30 |
| Arrive Honolulu..   | 7:30 | 8:05 |

\* Sundays excepted. † Saturdays only. ‡ Saturdays excepted.

### Tides, Sun and Moon.

BY C. J. LYONS.

| DAY.   | January. | High Tide. | Low Tide. | Sun Rises. | Moon Sets. |
|--------|----------|------------|-----------|------------|------------|
| Mon.   | 16       | 4:30       | 10:40     | 6:40       | 5:40       |
| Tues.  | 17       | 4:35       | 10:35     | 6:40       | 5:40       |
| Wed.   | 18       | 4:40       | 10:30     | 6:40       | 5:40       |
| Thurs. | 19       | 4:45       | 10:25     | 6:40       | 5:40       |
| Fri.   | 20       | 4:50       | 10:20     | 6:40       | 5:40       |
| Sat.   | 21       | 4:55       | 10:15     | 6:40       | 5:40       |
| Sun.   | 22       | 5:00       | 10:10     | 6:40       | 5:40       |

New Moon on the 17th at 2h 57m, p.m.

## THE DAILY BULLETIN.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 18, 1893.

## MARINE NEWS.

### Arrivals.

TUESDAY, JAN. 16.  
Haw bgt Douglas, Reid, 22 days from San Francisco.  
Str W G Hall from Hawaii and Maui.  
Schr Ka Mo from Koolahale.

### Departures.

WEDNESDAY, JAN. 17.  
Str James Makee from Kauai.

### Cargoes from Island Ports.

Str W G Hall—2817 bags sugar, 61 bags coffee, 163 bags wax, 39 bids hides, 2 bids goat skins, 29 head cattle, 12 bids poi, 75 pigs sundries.  
Schr Ka Mo—2000 bags sugar.

### Passengers.

From Hawaii and Maui, per str W G Hall, Jan. 17—H. H. Bailey, Chas T. Wilder, Col S. Brown, S. E. Brown, Chas T. Yates, Mrs Kalamia, Mrs Enallia, Mrs Keweenaw, Masters Seale (2) Chinese and 50 deck.

### Foreign Vessels Expected.

H I J M S Kongo from San Francisco, due Jan 20.  
S S Australia, Houdette, from San Francisco, due Jan 25.  
Am bk Cydon, Calhoun, from San Francisco, due Feb 5.  
Am 4-mtd schr W F Witzeman from Newcastle, N S W.  
Am 4-mtd schr Alice Cooke, Penhallow, from Newcastle, N S W.  
Am 4-mtd schr Puritan, from Newcastle, N S W.  
Ger bark H Hackfeld from Liverpool, now due.  
Haw bk Lady Lamson from Newcastle, N S W.  
Haw bk Leah, Nelson, from San Francisco, due Jan 30.  
Mis bkt Morning Star from Micronesia, due May 23.  
Am ship Honolulu from Newcastle, N S W.  
Am bk Hilo, from Newcastle, N S W.  
Am bk H. Smith from Newcastle, N S W.  
Am bk Eclipse from Nanaimo.  
Br bk Tacora from Liverpool, due Jan 30.

### Vessels in Port.

U S S Boston, Witke, from Hilo.  
Am schr Holt Lewers, Goodman, from Port Townsend.  
Am bkt Irmgard, Schmidt, from Newcastle, N S W.  
Am bkt Planter, Dow, from Port Townsend.  
Am bk Sonoma, Anderson, from San Francisco.  
Am bk S C Allen, Thompson, from San Francisco.  
Brigt W G Irwin, McCulloch, from San Francisco.  
Haw BK Mauna Ala, Smith, from Newcastle, N S W.  
Schr Scottish Wizard, from Newcastle, N S W.

### Shipping Notes.

The barkentine Planter is discharging lumber at the new Port street wharf.  
The British bark Scottish Wizard from Newcastle, N. S. W., is discharging her cargo at the O. R. & L. Co.  
The schooner Transit left for San Francisco this morning with a cargo of 15,391 bags of sugar, weighing 1,945,555 pounds, and valued at \$40,557.35. C. Brewer & Co. were the heaviest shippers.

The success of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in effecting a speedy cure of colds, croup and whooping cough has brought it into great demand. Messrs. Pontius & Son, of Cameron, Ohio, say that it has gained a reputation second to none in that vicinity. Jas. M. Queen, of Johnston, W. Va., says it is the best he ever used. B. F. Jones, druggist, Winona, Miss., says: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is perfectly reliable, I have always warranted it and it never failed to give the most perfect satisfaction." 50 cent bottles for sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Daily Bulletin, 50 cents a month, delivered free.

## LOCAL AND GENERAL NEWS.

Diamond Head, 3 p. m.—Weather, clear; wind, fresh east.

All the saloons, including the wholesale liquor stores have been closed.

The S. S. Australia is expected to leave San Francisco to-day for Honolulu.

Martial law was declared by the Provisional Government yesterday evening.

The departure of all the island steamers was postponed from yesterday until to-day.

Two cases of drunkenness were fined \$5 and \$1 costs each in the District Court this morning.

The steamer Claudine will leave for San Francisco this evening. She will take a mail closing at 8 o'clock.

The fire laddies were on duty again last evening. The chemical engine was taken out on the Plains.

Jas. G. Carney has come back from the Coast to accept the situation of master mechanic of the Kahului Railroad.

The Royal standard which has been floating over the Palace has been hauled down, and the Queen has retired to her Waikiki residence.

W. H. Soper has succeeded Marshal Johnson, and S. F. Chillingworth Deputy-Marshal Mehrten. They are appointed by the new Government.

A company of blue-jackets from the U. S. S. Boston were drilling this afternoon beneath that monumental mistake, the unfinished new market.

Leialoha, the native policeman who was shot yesterday by John Good is resting comfortably at the Queen's Hospital, and pronounced out of danger. The ball entered his left breast.

The steamer W. G. Hall reports that a telephone message had been received at Kau from Hilo stating that the Costa murder trial had been completed and the jury had acquitted defendants.

The steamer Likelike will take the steamer Claudine's route to Maui, during the latter's absence. The Likelike will be hauled on the Marine Railway to-morrow for slight repairs and clearing.

Opium was sold on board the bark Velocity this afternoon at \$10 a pound. Acting Port Surveyor Crowder disposed of a goodly quantity, and the Chinese passengers will no doubt hit it early and often on the passage.

Captain Wm. Davies, of the Claudine, has taken the position of Superintendent of the Wilder's Steamship Co., vice Captain J. A. King, resigned. Captain McCauley of the Makee will assume command of the Claudine.

The bark Velocity for China sailed this afternoon and took as passengers 115 Chinese, including a few women and children. She also carried a miscellaneous cargo of broken bottles, horse-shoes, brass, iron, lead and other articles, valued at \$942.20.

The brig Geo. H. Douglas from San Francisco is lying outside the harbor. The Douglas called in here for the Greig brothers who are returning to Fanning's Island. She has a cargo of general merchandise and will proceed direct to Sydney, and from there to Fanning's Island.

A Chinaman giving the name of Ah Chong, although it is not his right name, was arrested at 6 o'clock yesterday evening for assaulting a fellow countryman with an iron cane painted to resemble a bamboo cane. The man was badly cut over the head and was taken home by his friends. Ah Chong's trial has been set for Saturday.

The seven natives reported yesterday as having been arrested on a charge of malicious burning in the third degree in setting fire to the arbor in Emma Square pleaded not guilty in the District Court this morning. Deputy-Marshal S. F. Chillingworth and deputy Mehrten represented the prosecution. The case was postponed by request until to-morrow. Bail fixed at \$100.

The brig Lurline arrived at San Francisco on the 3d inst. and reported the drowning of John Johnson, a sailor, while at Hilo. He fell overboard while assisting to launch a boat, and, although several ropes were quickly thrown over the side, the unfortunate man sank and was drowned before his shipmates' eyes. Johnson was a native of Sweden, about twenty-five years of age and unmarried.

### ADVERTISING NOTES.

Root Beer on draught at Benson, Smith & Co's.

C. J. McCarthy has lots on Liliha street for sale.

After shaving use Cucumbar Skin Tonic. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents.

Sunburn relieved at once by Cucumbar Tonic. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents.

Dr. McLenman, 131 Fort street, above Hotel. Chronic and Surgical cases. Mutual Telephone 682.

The Honolulu Dairy have put in a Creamery will deliver fresh cream morning or afternoon to suit customers.

Mechanics' Home, 59 and 61 Hotel street. Lodging by day, week or month—25c, and 50c, a night; \$1 and \$1.25 a week.

For pains in the chest there is nothing better than a flannel cloth saturated with Chamberlain's Pain Balm and bound on over the seat of pain. It will produce a counter irritation without blistering, and is not so disagreeable as mustard; in fact is much superior to any plaster on account of its pain-relieving qualities. If used in time it will prevent pneumonia. 50 cent bottles for sale by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

## A PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT.

President Dole and Associates Assume the Leadership.

The Committee of Public Safety, of which mention was made on Monday, presented, as the result of their labors, the following proclamation, yesterday afternoon. The documents in their entirety are connected with the formation of a Provisional Government which is now by reason of recognition by the United States Minister Resident practically in control. The Ministers gave up their control and Marshal Wilson turned over the Police Station and his authority without the slightest friction between him and his successor.

### Proclamation.

In its earlier history Hawaii possessed a Constitutional Government honestly and economically administered in the public interest.

The Crown called to its assistance as advisors able, honest and conservative men whose integrity was unquestioned even by their political opponents.

The stability of the Government was assured; armed resistance and revolution unthought of; popular rights were respected, and the privileges of the subjects from time to time increased, and the prerogatives of the Sovereign diminished by the voluntary acts of the successive Kings.

With very few exceptions this state of affairs continued until the expiration of the first few years of the reign of His late Majesty Kalakaua. At this time a change was discernible in the spirit animating the chief Executive and in the influences surrounding the Throne. A steadily increasing disposition was manifested on the part of the King to extend the royal prerogatives; to favor adventurers and persons of no character or standing in the community; to encroach upon the rights and privileges of the people by steadily increasing corruption of election and by means of the power and influence of office-holders and other corrupt means to illegitimately influence the elections, resulting in the final absolute control of not only the executive and legislative, but, to a certain extent, the judicial departments of the government in the interest of absolutism.

This finally resulted in the revolution of feeling and popular uprising of 1887, which wrested from the King a large portion of his ill-gotten powers. The leaders of this movement were not seeking personal aggrandizement, political power or the suppression of the native government. If this had been their object it could easily have been accomplished, for they had the absolute control of the situation. Their object was to secure responsible government through a representative Cabinet, supported by and responsible to the people's elected representatives. A clause to this effect was inserted in the Constitution and subsequently enacted by law by the Legislatures, specifically covering the ground that, in all matters concerning the State the Sovereign was to act by and with the advice of the Cabinet, and only by and with such advice. The King willingly agreed to such proposition, expressed regret for the past, and volunteered promises for the future.

Almost from the date of such agreement and promises, up to the time of his death, the history of the struggle between the King on the one hand and the Cabinet and the Legislature on the other, the King constantly endeavoring by every available form of influence and evasion to ignore his promises and agreements and regain his lost powers. This conflict upon several occasions came to a crisis, followed each time by submission on the part of His Majesty by renewed expressions of regret and promises to abide by the constitutional and legal restrictions in the future. In each instance such promise was kept until a further opportunity presented itself, when the conflict was renewed in defiance and regardless of all previous pledges. Upon the accession of Her Majesty Liliuokalani, for a brief period the hope prevailed that a new policy would be adopted. This hope was soon blasted by her immediately entering into conflict with the existing Cabinet, who held office with large majority of the Legislature, resulting in the triumph of the Queen and the removal of the Cabinet. The appointment of a new Cabinet subservient to her wishes and their continuance in office until a recent date gave no opportunity for further indication of the policy which would be pursued by Her Majesty until the opening of the Legislature in May of 1892.

The recent history of that session has shown a stubborn determination on the part of Her Majesty to follow the tactics of her late brother, and in all possible ways to secure an extension of the royal prerogatives and an abridgment of popular rights. During the latter part of the session, the Legislature was replete with corruption, bribery and other illegitimate influences were openly utilized to secure the desired end, resulting in the final complete overthrow of all opposition and the inauguration of a Cabinet arbitrarily selected by Her Majesty in complete defiance of constitutional principles and popular representation. Notwithstanding such result the defeated party peacefully submitted to the situation. Not content with her victory, Her Majesty proceeded on the last day of the session to arbitrarily arrogate to herself the right to promulgate a new Constitution, which proposed among other things to disfranchise over one-fourth of the voters and the owners of nine-tenth of the private property of the Kingdom, to abolish the elected upper House of the Legislature and to substitute in place thereof an appointive one to be appointed by the Sovereign.

The detailed history of this attempt and the succeeding events in connection therewith is given in the report of the Committee of Public Safety to the citizens of Honolulu and the Resolution adopted at the Mass Meeting held on the 16th inst., the correctness of which report and the propriety of which resolution is hereby specifically affirmed.

The constitutional evolution indicated has slowly and steadily, though reluctantly, and regretfully, convinced an overwhelming majority of the conservative and responsible members of the community that independent, constitutional, representative and responsible government, able to protect itself from revolutionary uprisings and royal aggression is no longer possible in Hawaii under the existing system of Government.

Five uprisings or conspiracies against the Government have occurred within five years and seven months. It is firmly believed that the culminating revolutionary attempt of last Saturday will, unless radical measures are taken, wreck our already damaged credit abroad and precipitate to final ruin our already overstrained financial condition; and the guarantees of protection to life, liberty and property will steadily decrease and the political situation rapidly grow worse.

In the hope, and also in the firm belief that the action hereby taken is, and will be for the best personal, political and property interests of every citizen of the land.

We, citizens and residents of the Hawaiian Islands, organized and acting for the public safety and the common good, hereby proclaim as follows:

1. The Hawaiian Monarchical system of Government is hereby abrogated.

2. A Provisional Government for the control and management of public affairs and the protection of the public peace is hereby established, to exist until terms of union with the United States of America have been negotiated and agreed upon.

3. Such Provisional Government shall consist of an Executive Council of Four Members, who are hereby declared to be

S. B. DOLE,  
J. A. KING,  
P. C. JONES,  
W. O. SMITH.

Who shall administer the Executive Departments of the Government, the first named acting as President and Chairman of such Council and administering the Department of Foreign Affairs, and the others severally administering the Department of Interior, Finance and Attorney-General, respectively, in the order in which enumerated, according to existing Hawaiian Law as far as may be consistent with the Proclamation; and also of an Advisory Council which shall consist of fourteen members who are hereby declared to be

S. M. DAMON, A. BROWN,  
L. A. THURSTON, J. F. MORGAN,  
J. ENNELUTH, H. WATERHOUSE,  
J. A. McCANDLESS, E. D. TENNEY,  
F. W. McCHESENEY, F. WILHELM,  
W. R. CASTLE, W. G. ASHLEY,  
W. C. WILDER, C. BOLTE.

Such Advisory Council shall also have general legislative authority.

Such Executive and Advisory Council shall, acting jointly, have power to remove any member of either Council and to fill such or any other vacancy.

4. All officers under the existing Government are hereby requested to continue to exercise their functions and perform the duties of their respective offices, with the exceptions of the following named persons:

QUEEN LILIUOKALANI,  
CHARLES B. WILSON, Marshal,  
SAMUEL PARKER, Minister of Foreign Affairs,  
W. H. CORNWELL, Minister of Finance,  
JOHN F. COLBURN, Minister of the Interior,  
ARTHUR P. PETERSON, Attorney-General,

who are hereby removed from office.

5. All Hawaiian Laws and Constitutional principles not inconsistent herewith shall continue in force until further order of the Executive and Advisory Councils.

[Signed] HENRY E. COOPER, J. A. McCANDLESS, ANDREW BROWN, THEODORE F. LANSING,  
JOHN ENNELUTH, C. BOLTE, ED. SCHUR, HENRY WATERHOUSE, W. C. WILDER, F. W. McCHESENEY, W. O. SMITH.

Armed volunteers arrived from the Beretania street Armory to reinforce the force already at the Government building, and were crowded over the yard. The yard was crowded with people and no effort was made to put them out.

The following orders were then promptly issued by the Provisional Government:

HONOLULU, H. I., Jan. 17, 1893.  
PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

[Order No. 1.]

All persons favorable to the Provisional Government of the Hawaiian Islands are hereby requested to forthwith report to the Government at the Government Building and to furnish the Government such arms and ammunition as they may have in their possession or control, as soon as possible, in order that efficient and complete protection of life and property and the public peace may be put into operation.

[Signed] SANFORD B. DOLE, J. A. KING, P. C. JONES, WILLIAM O. SMITH.

Executive Council of the Provisional Government of the Hawaiian Islands.

JOHN ENNELUTH, ANDREW BROWN, C. BOLTE, JAMES F. MORGAN, HENRY WATERHOUSE, S. M. DAMON, W. G. ASHLEY, E. D. TENNEY, F. W. McCHESENEY, W. C. WILDER, J. A. McCANDLESS, W. R. CASTLE, LORRIN A. THURSTON, F. J. WILHELM,

Advisory Council of the Provisional Government of the Hawaiian Islands.

HONOLULU, H. I., Jan. 17, 1893.

PROVISIONAL GOVERNMENT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

[Order No. 2.]

It is hereby ordered and decreed that until further order, the right of the writ of habeas corpus is hereby suspended, and martial law is hereby declared to exist throughout the Island of Oahu.

SANFORD B. DOLE, Minister of Foreign Affairs.  
J. A. KING, Minister of the Interior.  
P. C. JONES, Minister of Finance.  
WILLIAM O. SMITH, Attorney-General.

Executive Council of the Provisional Government of the Hawaiian Islands.

Her Majesty's Ministers were summoned by the Provisional Government to the Government building, and a formal demand was made upon them for possession of the Police Station. They asked for further time. Late in the afternoon the new Ministry and others went into the Palace to hold a conference with the Queen. Her Majesty refused to recognize the Provisional Government, and rejected all its proposals. Finally a compromise was arrived at and Her Majesty entered the following protest:

I, LILIUOKALANI, by the Grace of God and under the Constitution of the Hawaiian Kingdom, Queen, do hereby solemnly protest against any and all acts done against myself and the Constitutional Government of the Hawaiian Kingdom by certain persons claiming to have established a Provisional Government of and for this Kingdom.

That I yield to the superior force of the United States of America whose Minister Plenipotentiary, His Excellency John L. Stevens, has caused United States troops to be landed at Honolulu and declared that he would support the said Provisional Government.

Now to avoid any collision of armed forces, and perhaps the loss of life, I do under this protest and impelled by said force yield my authority until such time as the Government of the United States shall upon the facts being presented to it undo the action of its representative and reinstate me in the authority which I claim as the Constitutional Sovereign of the Hawaiian Islands. Done at Honolulu this 17th day of January, A. D. 1893.

(Signed) LILIUOKALANI, R. (Signed) SAMUEL PARKER, Minister of Foreign Affairs. (Signed) WM. H. CORNWELL, Minister of Finance. (Signed) JNO. F. COLBURN, Minister of the Interior. (Signed) A. P. PETERSON, Attorney-General.

To S. B. DOLE, Esq., and others composing the Provisional Government of the Hawaiian Islands.

[ENDORSED.]

Received by the hands of the late Cabinet this 17th day of January, A. D. 1893.

(Signed) SANFORD B. DOLE, Chairman of Executive Council of Provisional Government.

The following answer to the request for recognition was received from His Excellency John L. Stevens:

A Provisional Government having been duly constituted in the place of the recent Government of Queen Liliuokalani, and said Provisional Government being in full possession of the Government building, the Archives and the Treasury and in control of the Hawaiian Islands, I hereby recognize such Provisional Government as the de facto Government of the Hawaiian Islands.

JOHN L. STEVENS, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States.

"For the past two or three years I have been subject to cramping pains in the stomach," says Mr. W. A. Baldwin, a hardware merchant of Booneville, Dallas Co., Iowa. "I have tried a number of different remedies; the best one being Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. One or two doses of it always cures me." Sold by all dealers. Benson, Smith & Co., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

POI!  
Pure & Fresh Machine-made Poi FOR SALE  
In quantities to suit private families or individual consumers.

THE HAWAIIAN FRUIT & TARO CO., Cor. Queen and Alakea sts.  
W. F. WILSON, Manager.  
P. O. Box 495.  
Bell Telephone 538.

TO LET.  
TWO NICELY FURNISHED Rooms, centrally located. Inquire at BULLETIN Office. 553-4f

## "August Flower"

Mr. Lorenzo F. Sleeper is very well known to the citizens of Appleton, Me., and neighborhood. He says: "Eight years ago I was taken 'sick, and suffered as no one but a 'dyspeptic can. I then began taking 'ing August Flower. At that time 'I was a great sufferer. Every 'thing I ate distressed me so that I 'had to throw it up. Then in a 'few moments that horrid distress 'would come on and I would have 'to eat and suffer 'again. I took a 'little of your medicine, and felt much 'better, and after 'taking a little more 'August Flower my 'Dyspepsia disappeared, and since that time I 'have never had the first sign of it. 'I can eat anything without the 'least fear of distress. I wish all 'that are afflicted with that terrible 'disease or the troubles caused by 'it would try August Flower, as I 'am satisfied there is no medicine 'equal to it.'"

### LOST

TUESDAY NIGHT, JANUARY 10, A Card Case (Pocket Book), containing Money and Papers; the finder will be liberally rewarded by leaving at the BULLETIN Office.

### LOST OR DESTROYED

CERTIFICATES NOS. 57 AND 58 FOR Two Shares in the British Club. Transfer stopped. If found return to ROBERT HALSTEAD, Wailua.

### WANTED

A FURNISHED Cottage, 2 Rooms and Bath. Address "P. O. Box 28." 623-1w

### FOR SALE

A FINE GENTLE Mare and Phaeton been driven by a lady, will be sold cheap. If interested apply "X," BULLETIN Office. 623-3f

### WANTED

A MEDIUM SIZED, Good Working Horse. Apply to 623-2f M. W. McCHESENEY & SONS.

### MEETING NOTICE.

THERE WILL BE A MEETING OF the Board of Examiners of the Office of the Board of Health, SATURDAY, Jan. 21st, at 3:30 o'clock p. m. ROBT. W. ANDERSON, Secretary.

### DIVIDEND NOTICE.

A DIVIDEND (NO. 5) OF SEVEN PER Cent has been declared and is payable forthwith at the office of the Hawaiian Bell Telephone Company. J. F. BROWN, Secretary. 623-1w

### TO LET

LAWN MOWERS TO LET BY THE day, week or month; Repairing, Cleaning and Sharpening done; Duplicate Pieces furnished when required. Machines called for and returned. Also, Repairing Garden Hose—no fact, can do anything necessary around the house or stable. Ring up Mutual Telephone 152. 584-4f N. F. BURGESS.

## HORSE CLIPPING

By A. M. BETTENCOURT, Veterinary Surgeon and Dealer in Horses, corner Beretania and Punchbowl sts.

Mutual Telephone 377. 591-4f

Honolulu Carriage Co.

— BOTH TEIL. No. 335. —

Stand: Corner Fort & Merchant Sts.

Hacks can be had at any hour of the day up to 12 o'clock at night, on terms to suit the times.

Hacks Nos. 33, 45, 62, 63, 67, 70, 73, 97, 196

## Union Gas Engine Co.

(Incorporated May 16, 1892.)

— MANUFACTURERS OF THE —

## Regan Vapor Engines

— AND —

## PACIFIC GAS ENGINES.